SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier CHO-BOND 1035

Other means of identification

SDS number PHC-082 Product code 1035

Recommended use Moisture cure adhesive / sealant

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Address

Company name

Parker Hannifin Corp. 77 Dragon Court

Woburn, MA 01888

Telephone

United States 781-935-4580

Website E-mail

www.chomerics.com

Emergency phone number

chomailbox@parker.com

INFOTRAC - Domestic
INFOTRAC - International

800-535-5053 352-323-3500

Supplier Refer to Manufacturer

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA HazCom 2012.

Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2A Category 2

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Reproductive toxicity

This mixture does no

OSHA defined hazards

This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA HazCom 2012. This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA HazCom 2012.

Label elements



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SDS US

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No OSHA defined hazard classes.

Other hazards which do not result in classification: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause central nervous system effects. May cause discomfort if swallowed. Silver in the form of a finely divided dust may cause discoloration in contact with skin, and argyrosis in case of inhalation.

Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause liver and kidney effects.

When heated above 150°C in air, may release formaldehyde gas. Formaldehyde is an eye and throat irritant and acute toxicant. Formaldehyde may cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Formaldehyde has shown limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Supplemental Information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	% 40 - 70	
Fiberglass Fibers	Not Available	65997-17-3		
Silver	Silver-metal Argentum	7440-22-4	5 - 10	
Dimethyl Siloxane, Hydroxy-terminated	Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydroxy-terminated DIMETHYL(POLYSILOXANE)	70131-67-8	3 - 7	
ETHYLBENZENE	ETHYLBENZOL PHENYLETHANE	100-41-4	1 - 5	
M-XYLENE	M-BENZENE, DIMETHYL M-XYLOL	108-38-3	1 - 5	
Trimethoxymethylsilane	METHYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE	1185-55-3	1 - 5	
O-XYLENE	O-BENZENE, DIMETHYL O-XYLOL	95-47-6	0.5 - 1.5	
P-XYLENE	P-BENZENE, DIMETHYL P-XYLOL	106-42-3	0.5 - 1.5	
Titanium Dioxide	Titanium peroxide TIOXIDE	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1	
products		040	0/	

Chemical name	CAS number		%
METHANOL	67-56-1	Not	Known
ACETIC ACID	64-19-7	Not	Known
Decomposition			
Chemical name	CAS number		%
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Not	Known

The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret as allowed by 29CFR1910.1200.

Composition comments

The above Byproducts are possible decomposition products in case of hydrolysis. The above decomposition products are released when the product is heated above 150°C.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt, seek medical advice!

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt, seek medical advice. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having

convulsions. Get medical attention.

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

SDS US

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause mild to moderate skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause mild to moderate eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging and tearing. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include upper respiratory irritation, coughing, and breathing difficulties. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system effects. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous

When heated above 150°C in air, may release formaldehyde gas. Formaldehyde is an eye and throat irritant and acute toxicant. Formaldehyde may cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Formaldehyde has shown limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water. May react with water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During cure, vapours are released which may be harmful. Upon completion of the curing process. these hydrolysis products are no longer released.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Prevent fire extinguishing water from

Specific methods General fire hazards contaminating surface water or the ground water system. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. When heated above 150°C in air, may release formaldehyde gas. May slowly hydrolyze in the presence of water to: Acetic Acid. Methanol. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde. Silicon oxides. Aldehydes. Hydrocarbons.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the contaminated area. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Cover spilled solid with inert, absorbent material, such as sand, then place in suitable, covered container for later disposal. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear chemically resistant protective equipment during handling. Avoid breathing dust or fumes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Protect from moisture. Keep container tightly closed. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Inspect periodically for damage or leaks.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)				
Type	Value			
STEL	2 ppm			
	Туре			

US.	. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CF	R 1910.1001-1050)

Decomposition	Туре	Value	
	TWA	0.75 ppm	,,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
0 \0/4 ENE (0 \ 0 =		100 ppm	
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
B VVI ENE (CAS 100 40 0)	DEI	100 ppm	
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	PEL	100 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	
Fitanium Dioxide (CAS	PEL	0.01 mg/m3 15 mg/m3	Total dust.
13463-67-7)	t l=1=	เอ เมยู/มเง	rotar aust.
Byproducts	Туре	Value	
ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)	PEL	25 mg/m3	.,.
,U. U. UT 10 1)		10 ppm	
METHANOL	PEL	260 mg/m3	
CAS 67-56-1)		•	
		200 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Fiberglass Fibers (CAS	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Fiber.
35997-17-3)		E malmo	Inhalahla frastian
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
W-7: LEINE (OAG 100-30-3)	TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm	
D-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	
2 71. LENGE (0110 00-71-0)	TWA	100 ppm	
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL	150 ppm	
7	TWA	100 ppm	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
litanium Dioxide (CAS	TWA	10 mg/m3	mer service and a service at 1991 11 11 11 11
13463-67-7)		•	
Syproducts	Туре	Value	
ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)	STEL	15 ppm	
ONG OFFIET	TWA	10 ppm	
METHANOL	STEL	250 ppm	
(CAS 67-56-1)		kb	
•	TWA	200 ppm	
Decomposition	Туре	Value	
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.3 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	ical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL.	545 mg/m3	
,		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	

Dust. Fiber. fibers, total dust Fiber, total
Fiber. fibers, total dust
fibers, total dust
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Fiber, total
*
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Dust.
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1

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposus Components	re Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.7 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Byproducts	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines Occupations

Occupational Exposure Limits are not relevant to the current physical form of the product.

US - California OELs: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

1035 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-20-2014

Skin designation applies.

SDS US

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US - Tennesse OELs: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical goggles are recommended. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench

shower in the immediate work area.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Advice should be sought from glove suppliers.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Solid. Paste.

Color

Grev.

Odor

Not available.

Odor threshold

Not available.

Нq

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

Not available.

range

Flash point

This product has been tested in accordance with ASTM D4359, and was determined to be a solid.

Therefore, flashpoint testing does not apply to this product.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Insoluble. May react with water.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

SDS US

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Percent volatile

Negligible

Specific gravity

VOC (Weight %)

145 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport, May slowly hydrolyze in the presence of water to: Methanol. Acetic acid. Upon completion of the curing process, these hydrolysis products are no longer released.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions. When heated above 150°C in air, may release

formaldehyde gas.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Direct sources of heat. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Bases. Water, moisture.

Hazardous decomposition

Formaldehyde. Refer to hazardous combustion products in Section 5.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Indestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. May cause central nervous system effects.

Skin contact

May cause mild to moderate skin irritation.

Eve contact

May cause moderate eve irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause mild to moderate eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging and tearing. May cause mild to moderate skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include upper respiratory irritation, coughing, and breathing difficulties. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system effects. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects.

Formaldehyde gas causes moderate to severe eye irritation. Formaldehyde causes severe respiratory irritation, lung inflammation and pulmonary edema. Formaldehyde may cause sensitisation by skin contact. Formaldehyde has shown limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product

The below product data is the calculated ATE values for this mixture. Individual ingredient component data appears below the product mixture ATE values.

	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
CHO-BOND 1035 (CAS Mix	xture)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12033 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	110.81 mg/l
Oral		

Dimethyl Siloxane, Hydroxy-terminated (CAS 70131-67-8)

Acute

LD50

Components

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 ma/ka

14313 mg/kg

Test Results

Test Results

Inhalation

LC50

Rat

Rat

Species

Species

> 11.59 mg/l, 4 Hours (mist)

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral	5-1	
LD50	Rat	> 15400 mg/kg
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-4 Acute	[1-4]	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15000 mailea
Inhalation	Habbit	15380 mg/kg
LC50	Rat	4000 ppm 4 bours (const)
2000	iai	4000 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)
01		17.4 mg/l, 4 hours (vapor)
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	0500 mm4.m
	nat	3500 mg/kg
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)		
Acute Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	10100
Inhalation	Habbit	12130 mg/kg
LC50	Rat	7000 nom 4 hours (Manar)
	nai	7330 ppm, 4 hours (Vapor)
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	5011 males
	nai	5011 mg/kg
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6) Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3160 - 5010 mg/kg
Inhalation	Habbit	3160 - 3010 mg/kg
LC50	Rat	5305 ppm, 4 hours (Vapor)
Oral	riat	5505 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)
LD50	Rat	3000 mg/kg
	riai	Sooo ing/kg
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3) Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 ml/kg
Inhalation	, idooti	> 0000 thinky
LC50	Rat	4740 ppm, 4 hours (Vapor)
Oral	1144	4140 ppin, 4 hould (vapol)
LD50	Rat	4030 mg/kg
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	· tat	4000 mg/kg
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	No Data in Literature
Oral	· · · · ·	
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463		. .
Acute	,	
Dermal		
	Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
LD50		
LD50 Inhalation		3 0

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 25000 mg/kg
Frimethoxymethylsilane (CA	S 1185-55-3)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 9500 mg/kg
Inhalation	_	
LC50	Rat	> 51.4 mg/l, 4 hours (Vapor)
Oral	_	
LD50	Rat	> 9500 mg/kg
Byproducts	Species	Test Results
ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)	
Acute		
Dermal		
L.D50	Rabbit	1060 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2810 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)
		6.95 mg/l, 4 Hours (vapor)
	Rat	4653 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)
		11.4 mg/l, 4 hours (vapor)
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3310 mg/kg
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)		0.0
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Monkey	> 393 mg/kg
	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		0
LC50	Rat	> 4.1 mg/l/4h (vapor)
Oral		
LD50	Human	300 - 1000 mg/kg (estimated human letha
		dose)
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
ecomposition	Species	Test Results
ORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-0	00-0)	
Acute	•	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	300 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	287 ppm, 4 hours (gas)
Oral		
LD50	Human	317 - 475 mg/kg (estimated human lethal
		dose)
	Rat	800 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause mild to moderate skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization This product is not expected to cause respiratory sensitization.

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3) O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) Cancer

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Chasias

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified as a specific target organ toxicity -single exposure.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified as a specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure.

Chronic effects

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Silver in the form of a finely divided dust may cause discoloration in contact with skin and argyrosis in case of inhalation. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause liver and kidney

Teet Reculte

effects. Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Aspiration toxicity

Componente

12. Ecological information

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the **Ecotoxicity** possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	lest Hesuits	
ETHYLBENZENE (CA	S 100-41-4)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	3.6 mg/l, 96 hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.81 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours	
M-XYLENE (CAS 108	-38-3)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Algae	EC50	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	4.9 mg/l, 72 hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4.7 mg/l, 24 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours	
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-4	1 7-6)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Algae	EC50	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	4.7 mg/l, 72 hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1 mg/l, 24 hours	

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7.6 mg/l, 96 hours
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	4.36 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.6 mg/l, 24 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Algae	NOEC	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	0.44 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	NOEC	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.57 mg/l, 21 days
Trimethoxymethylsilane (CA Aquatic	\S 1185-55-3)		
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	> 120 mg/l, 72 hours (hydrolysis product and/or parent compound)
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 122 mg/l, 48 hours (hydrolysis product and/or parent compound)
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	> 110 mg/l, 96 hours (hydrolysis product and/or parent compound)
Chronic			
Algae	NOEC	Green Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	120 mg/l, 72 hours (hydrolysis product and/or parent compound)
Byproducts		Species	Test Results
ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7	7)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	65 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Zebra danio (Danio rerio)	> 300.82 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	37.9 mg/l, 21 day
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	15400 mg/l, 96 hours
Decomposition		Species	Test Results
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-	·00-0)		
Aquatic			
Acute	F0F0	Manual Desires	5.0 // 40.1
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.8 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	6.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic	NOTO		40 4 00 1
Fish	NOEC	Japanese rice fish (Oryzias latipes)	> 48 mg/l, 28 days

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

CTIVA DEMORNIE	•
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
M-XYLENE	3.2
O-XYLENE	3.12
P-XYLENE	3.15
ACETIC ACID	-0.17
METHANOL	-0.17 -0.77
FORMALDEHYDE	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	0.35
ETHYI RENZENE	

IHYLBENZENE 1.1 - 1.5 **ACETIC ACID** 3.2 **FORMALDEHYDE** 3

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	U122
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	U154
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)	U239
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)	U239
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)	U239
•	

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910,1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)	Listed.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)	Listed.
O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)	Listed.
P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)	Listed.
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	Listed.

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value	
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	100	500 lbs			

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No.

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Silver	7440-22-4	5 - 10
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1 - 5
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	1 - 5
O-XYLENE	95-47-6	0.5 - 1.5
P-XYLENE	106-42-3	0.5 - 1.5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)

O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)

P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3)

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)

O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)

P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)

Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3)

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3)

O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6)

P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3)

Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3)

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

SDS US

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3) O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6) P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

ACETIC ACID (CAS 64-19-7) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) M-XYLENE (CAS 108-38-3) O-XYLENE (CAS 95-47-6) P-XYLENE (CAS 106-42-3) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Fiberglass Fibers (CAS 65997-17-3) Listed: July 1, 1990 Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Listed: March 16, 2012

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

[&]quot;A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-20-2014

Version# 01

Material name: CHO-BOND 1035

SDS US

List of abbreviations

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA: Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CPR: Controlled Products Regulation CSA: Canadian Standards Association DOT: Department of Transportation DSL: Domestic Substance List

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

HPA: Hazardous Protection Act

HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC: Lethal Concentration

LD: Lethal Dose

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association NOEC: No observable effect concentration

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co operation and Development

OEL: National occupational exposure limits

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal Protective Equipment

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RQ: Reportable Quantity

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

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